

Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kozhikode (Valid from 26.02.2025 to 02.03.2025)

(Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode& India Meteorological Department)



Bulletin Number:Pilicode/Mpm-16/2025 Date: 25/02/2025

A. Weather Summary of preceding five days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
0.0	33.2 - 36.5	26.0 - 27.2	59 - 87	00 - 04

B.Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	26-02-2025	27-02-2025	28-02-2025	01-03-2025	02-03-2025
Average Rainfall, mm	0	0	0	0.1	0.1
Max. Temp, °C	36	36	36	36	36
Min. Temp,°C	26	26	26	26	26
Max. Relative Humidity, %	87	87	87	87	90
Min. Relative Humidity, %	59	59	59	59	60
Wind speed,km/h	6	8	8	6	8
Wind direction, degrees	270	270	270	270	270
Total cloud cover, octa	4	3	2	5	7

C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Сгор	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories	
	No Rainfall ** Temperatures will be higher during the day. Atmospheric humidity will be normal. No rainfall from February 25 to 27.			
General conditions				
	There will be light rainfalls (From2.5 mm to 15.5 mm within a time span of 24 hours) on February 28 and March 01.			
General Recommendat ions	 Mulch the crop basins. Irrigate the crop when the water is available in the evening or early morning. Adopt drip irrigation method for maximum water use efficiency. 1. Arrange for irrigation facilities from available water resources. 2. Remove weeds from the soil to reduce transpiration losses. Powder the soil to dust by breaking the clods. This will act as good soil mulch to prevent evaporation loss of water. 3. Well drained areas where lifesaving irrigation possible ragi and millets cause cultivated. 4. Take care of controlling of sucking pests; control/minimize the insect and pest 			
	incidencewith IPM.5. Repair and rejuvenate local water bodies before the rainy season.			

Coconut	All stages	Drought Management	 Cut two green leaves from the bottom layer, to reduce the water loss from the tree. Apply compost/dried leaves in the basins to increase water holding capacity. Adopt drip irrigation. This will minimize the irrigation water loss. Protect the newly planted young seedlings from direct sunlight falling on it by providing good shades.
Coconut	Various stages	Leaf eating caterpillar	The season is congenial for the spread of leaf eating caterpillars in coastal areas. Cut and burn the affected leaves. Release larval parasitoids, <i>Goniozus</i> <i>nephantidis</i> , @10 nos/palm (4-6 release) on the trunk
Mango	Fruit maturing stage	Mango fruit flies	Collect and destroy the fallen fruits by taking deep pits atleast 60 cm depth. Set up pheromone trap (methyl eugenol trap) @ 1 trap/15 cents.
Arecanut	Seedlings (3-4 years)	Leaf blight ,Bud rot	Leaf blight :Apply 1% Bordeaux mixture
Okra	All stages	Shoot and Fruit borer	Spray neem oil emulsion @ 5 %, at intervals of 15 to 20 days. Or Spraying with quinalphos 25 EC (2 ml per litre of water).
Cowpea	All stages	Aphid	Spay 3% Neemoil garlic emulsion or Dimethoate @ 2 ml/L

Poultry and pet birds	Different stages	Summer stress	To combat heat stress, the poultry sheds should be protected from direct sunlight, roofing can be painted white to reflect heat, fans can be fitted, cool water can be sprayed, plenty of clean water can be provided with ice, glucose and 0.1 % sodium bicarbonate, feed offered during the cooler parts of the day can be supplemented with 20% extra vitamins, phosphorous and vitamin C.
Animal Husbandry	All stages	Summer Stress	The rise in temperature will affect the thermoregulatory mechanism of dairy cattle. This will cause increase in body temperature, rapid shallow breathing, increased heart rate, profuse salivation, and reduced feed intake. This in turn results in severe production loss and reduced breeding efficiency in dairy cattle. Provide pure drinking water to the dairy cattle (45 to 60 litres of water), Allow grazing only during the cooler parts of the day. Provide shading. Shelter them in thatched roofings of minimum 9 ft. height with ample ventilation. Providing fans, misting and fogging assembly in cattle sheds will help them to regulate body temperature. Also ensure minerals fortified feeds.

** Warning colour codes of rainfall (for disaster management)

Warning (Take actions)	Alert (Be prepared)	Watch (Be updated)	No warning (No actions)

Sd/-Nodal Officer, GKMS Project, RARS Pilicode