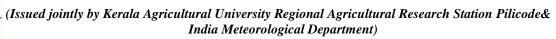


## **Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kannur**

(Valid from 23.11.2024 to 27.11.2024)





Bulletin Number:Pilicode/Knr-94/2024 Da	ate:22/11/2024
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## A. Weather Summary of preceding four days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
0.0	33.7 – 35.6	24.9 – 26.0	66 – 86	02 – 04

## B. Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	23-11-2024	24-11-2024	25-11-2024	26-11-2024	27-11-2024
Average Rainfall, mm	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2
Max. Temp, °C	34	34	34	34	34
Min. Temp,°C	25	25	25	25	25
Max. Relative Humidity, %	82	82	82	82	82
Min. Relative Humidity, %	72	72	72	72	72
Wind speed,km/h	2	3	3	3	3
Wind direction, degrees	290	290	320	290	320
Total cloud cover, octa	2	2	2	2	3

## C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories	
	Light Rainfall **			
General conditions	Low night temperature and difference between day time	e temperature and night temper	xperienced. Hence there will be distinct	
General Recommen dations	produces in the field itself	for in open places.	ses quickly. Do not heap the harvested , pulses, vegetable seeds, etc directly under	

	Give popping to all soft slender stemmed crops like banana, vegetables, climbers etc. Clean the drainage channels in crop lowlands to enable proper drainage of excess water in case of exigencies if any.			
	Maintain hygiene conditions in crop fields. Infected and fallen nuts, leaves and tree parts should be removed from the fields and burnt.			
	Keep animal feeds, seeds, fertilizers etc. in termite free and moist free rooms on elevated platforms coated with wooden panels.			
	Use sticking agents also while spraying.			
Rice	Transplanting stage for second crop	Dip the roots of the seedlings in slurry of pseudomonas (20g pseudomonas/litre of water) for 30 minutes just before transplanting. This will help the seedlings to grow vigorously.		
		Apply fertilizers at the occasion of no rainfalls, after lowering the water and blocking all drainage channels.		
		While transplanting, apply 400g urea, 900g mussooriephos and 150g muriate of potash for the medium duration varieties and 400g urea, 700g mussooriephos and 120g muriate of potash for the short duration varieties to each cent (40 square meter) of land area.		
Vegetables	Transplanting/ sowing	While preparing the land, incorporate lime @ 4kg/cent to the soil. Use Trichoderma enriched farm yard manure/compost. This will check the spread of wilt diseases.		
		Before transplanting, dip the roots of the seedlings in slurry of pseudomonas (20g pseudomonas/litre of water) for 30 minutes. This will help the seedlings to grow vigorously.		
		Also the seedlings can be sprayed with diluted pseudomonas culture solution (@20ml dissolved in one litre of water).		
Coconut	All stages	Bud rot	Detection of disease at its early stage will help to adopt efficient corrective measures. Cut and remove the affected tissues from the crown and apply Bordeaux paste. After that cover the cut surface with polythene sheets to protect it from rain falls until new leaf emerges.	
			Burn the removed tissues immediately.  As a prophylactic measure spray 1% Bordeaux mixture into the axils of top leaves of the surrounding palms.	
Coconut	All stages	Leaf/inflorescence rot	Apply 1% Bordeaux mixture or 0.3% copper oxychloride solution in the heart of the crown. Apply lime. Spray borax also on leaves @ 5g/l. Also adopt all the basal management practices as described for the yellowing, above.	

Black pepper	All stages	Foot rot	As prophylactic measure, apply 150 gram of Trichoderma enriched neem cake - cow dung mixture in the basins of the vines and incorporate thoroughly with the soil. If disease is already appeared, drench soil in the plant basins with Redomil 0.2% (2g/litre of water). Spray the same on the leaves also.
Banana	Various stages of growth	Leaf eating caterpillar	Ensure good drainage in the garden. Organic insecticides such as Shreya, Nanma etc. should be mixed with 10 ml of one liter of water and sprayed on both sides of the leaves. If the infestation is severe, spray quinalphos 20 EC (2 – 4 ml per litre of water). OR spray flubendiamide 39.35 SC (2 ml, 10 litre of water).
Cashew	Fleshing stage	Tea mosquito bug	Take control measures only if the attack is seen (only if there is scraped marks on newly formed slender twigs). If the attack is noticed spray lamda cyhalothrin+copper oxy chloride (@ lamda cyhalothrin 0.6ml + copper oxy chloride 2g in one litre of water)
	Flowering stage (Early bearing varieties like Madakathara – 1, KAU – Nihara)	Tea mosquito bug	Take control measures only if the attack is seen (only if there is scraped marks on peduncle/pedicel of the panicle).  If the attack is noticed spray quinalphos + mancozeb (@quinalphos 2ml + mancozeb 2g in one litre of water)
Okra	All stages	Shoot and Fruit borer	Spray Coragen (3 ml in10 litres of water) 2-3 times at weekly interval.

Livestock	All Stages	Theileric

osis

**Theileriosis** is a tick-borne disease caused by haemo-protozoan parasites of the Theileria genus.Tannulata causes tropical theileriosis which is common in North Kerala. Characteristic signs include fever and swollen superficial lymph nodes, and if the disease progresses, cattle rapidly lose condition

For treatment: Buparvaquone, often accompanied by anti-inflammatory drugs and antidiuretics, if there is evidence of pulmonary edema.

For prevention: spraying or dipping of animals with acaracides is the most frequently used method as it is transmitted by ticks.

> Sd/-Nodal Officer, GKMS Project, RARS Pilicode

\*\* Warning colour codes of rainfall (for disaster management)

Alert (Be prepared) Watch (Be updated) No warning (No actions) Warning (Take actions)